Vocabulary

Chemistry- Mr. Hunter

Week 13

Chapter 18

"Equilibrium"

- 1. Activated complex: the equilibrium that results when either an acid or a base dissolves in water
- 2. Activation energy: the minimum energy colliding particles must have in order to react
- **3. Chemical equilibrium:** a state of balance in which the rates of the forward and reverse reactions are equal
- 4. Collision theory: atoms, ions, and molecules can react to form products when they collide, provided particles have enough kinetic energy
- 5. Equilibrium Constant : constant calculated by substituting equilibrium concentrations of the reactants and products of a give reaction into an equilibrium expression.
- 6. Equilibrium position: the relative concentrations of reactants and products of a reaction that has reached equilibrium
- 7. Inhibitor: a substance that interferes with the action of a catalyst
- 8. Le Chatelier's principle: when a stress is applied to a system in dynamic equilibrium, the system changes in a way that relieves the stress
- 9. Rate: describes the speed of change over an interval of time
- **10. Reversible reaction:** a reaction in which the conversion of reactants into products and the conversion of products into reactants occur simultaneously
- **11. Transition state:** a term sometimes used to refer to the activated complex